

DATA PROCESSING SYSTEM, METHOD, AND PRODUCT FOR REPORTING
LOSS OF SERVICE APPLICATION

5

The present invention relates generally to the field of data processing systems, and more specifically to a data processing system for reporting the loss of a service application executing on a hardware management console to a particular system administrator. Still more particularly, the present invention relates to a data processing system including a computer system and a separate hardware management console for the computer system reporting, to a particular system administrator, the loss of a service application that executes on the hardware management system where the service application is responsible for calling for service for the computer system.

Some data processing systems include a logically partitioned computer system and a hardware management console. The hardware management console is a computer system that is separate from the logically partitioned computer system. The hardware management console is used to control various functions of the logically partitioned computer system. For example, the hardware management console may be used to select a partition to be rebooted, select a particular firmware image to use to boot a partition, and other management functions.

Docket No. AUS920010760US1

5 The hardware management console may also be used to monitor and report errors that may occur in one of the partitions. A service application may be executed by the hardware management console which receives notification of errors from the various operating system partitions of the logically partitioned computer system. The service application is responsible for consolidating the errors, attempting to evaluate the errors, and making a minimum required number of service calls. Thus, in order to perform these functions, the hardware management console must be connected to the logically partitioned computer system and functioning properly.

15 A logical partitioning option (LPAR) within a data processing system (platform) allows multiple copies of a single operating system (OS) or multiple heterogeneous operating systems to be simultaneously run on a single data processing system hardware platform. A partition, within which an operating system image runs, is assigned a non-overlapping subset of the platform's hardware resources. These platform allocable resources include one or more architecturally distinct processors with their interrupt management area, regions of system memory, and input/output (I/O) adapter bus slots. The partition's resources are represented by its own open firmware device tree to the OS image.

25 Each distinct OS or image of an OS running within the platform is protected from each other such that software errors on one logical partition can not affect the correct operation of any of the other partitions. This is provided by allocating a disjoint set of platform resources to be directly managed by each OS image and by providing mechanisms for ensuring that the various images

US920010760US1

Docket No. AUS920010760US1

can not control any resources that have not been allocated to it. Furthermore, software errors in the control of an operating system's allocated resources are prevented from affecting the resources of any other
5 image. Thus, each image of the OS (or each different OS) directly controls a distinct set of allocable resources within the platform.

A problem can occur on these types of data processing systems, however, when the service application
10 is not responding. The service application may not be responding because the hardware management console has been disconnected from the logically partitioned computer system, a communication link between the hardware management console and the logically partitioned computer
15 system is lost or not operating properly, or the service application is not executing properly. In these data processing systems, it is the responsibility of the service application executing on the hardware management console to call for service and report the errors. When
20 the service application is not responding for one of the reasons given above, the service application cannot place service calls for the logically partitioned computer system.

Therefore, a need exists for a data processing
25 system, method, and product for reporting the loss of a service application that executes on a hardware management console to a particular system administrator.

TOP SECRET

A data processing system, method, and computer program product are disclosed for reporting a loss of a service application to a particular system administrator. The data processing system includes a logically partitioned computer system and a hardware management console. The hardware management console is a stand-alone system separate from the computer system. A service application is executable by the hardware management console for managing service of and placing service calls for the logically partitioned computer system. The logically partitioned computer system includes a service partition. A service processor included in the logically partitioned computer system monitors a presence of the service application, and reports the absence of the service application to the service partition. In response to an absence of the service application, the service partition reports the absence of the service application to a system administrator of the service partition.

The above as well as additional objectives, features, and advantages of the present invention will become apparent in the following detailed written description.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The novel features believed characteristic of the invention are set forth in the appended claims. The invention itself, however, as well as a preferred mode of use, further objectives and advantages thereof, will best be understood by reference to the following detailed description of an illustrative embodiment when read in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, wherein:

10 **Figure 1** is a pictorial representation which depicts a data processing system in which the present invention may be implemented in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

15 **Figure 2** is a more detailed block diagram of a data processing system in which the present invention may be implemented in accordance with the present invention;

Figure 3 is a block diagram of an exemplary logically partitioned platform in which the present invention may be implemented; and

20 **Figure 4** illustrates a high level flow chart which depicts monitoring a presence of service application, and reporting any loss of the service application in accordance with the present invention.

T0310T 23E3460

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

A preferred embodiment of the present invention and its advantages are better understood by referring to the figures, like numerals being used for like and
5 corresponding parts of the accompanying figures.

The present invention is a data processing system, method, and product for reporting the loss of a service application to a particular system administrator. The data processing system includes a logically partitioned computer system coupled to a hardware management console. The hardware management console is a stand-alone computer system that is separate from the logically partitioned computer system. A service application is executed by the hardware management console.

A service processor is included within the logically partitioned computer system. The logically partitioned computer system also includes a service partition. The service processor monitors a presence of the service application by monitoring a receipt of a heartbeat signal generated by the service application. The service application, executing on the hardware management console, will output a heartbeat signal to the service processor at regular intervals. If a preset period of time passes during which the service processor does not receive the heartbeat signal, the service processor will determine that the service application is absent.

Once the service processor has determined that the service application is absent, the service processor will report the absence to the service partition. The service partition will then prompt only the system administrator of the service partition to determine the cause of the

Docket No. AUS920010760US1

absence. The service partition will prompt the service partition's system administrator to indicate whether the hardware management console is present. If the system administrator enters an indication that the hardware
5 management console is present, the service partition will then prompt the system administrator to determine whether the physical links between the logically partitioned computer system and the hardware management console are properly connected. If the system administrator enters
10 an indication that the physical links between the logically partitioned computer system and the hardware management console are properly connected, the service partition will then prompt the system administrator to make a manual service call.

15 The present invention reports the loss of the service application only to the system administrator of the service partition. The system administrator of the service partition should be geographically located physically at the hardware management console and
20 logically partitioned computer system. The system administrators of the other logical partitions may be located geographically far from these computer systems. In this manner, because the system administrator of the service partition should always be in a physical position
25 to respond to the prompts regarding the presence of the hardware management console as well as to whether the physical links are intact, only the system administrator of the service partition will receive these prompts. System administrators located physically far from these
30 computer systems would not be able to respond to these prompts, and, thus do not receive them.

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

Figure 1 depicts a pictorial representation of a network of data processing systems in which the present invention may be implemented. Network data processing system **10** is a network of computers in which the present invention may be implemented. Network data processing system **10** contains a network **12**, which is the medium used to provide communications links between various devices and computers connected together within network data processing system **10**. Network **12** may include connections, such as wire, wireless communication links, or fiber optic cables.

In the depicted example, a server **14** is connected to network **12** along with storage unit **16**. In addition, clients **18**, **20**, and **22** also are connected to network **12**. Network **12** may include permanent connections, such as wire or fiber optic cables, or temporary connections made through telephone connections. The communications network **12** also can include other public and/or private wide area networks, local area networks, wireless networks, data communication networks or connections, intranets, routers, satellite links, microwave links, cellular or telephone networks, radio links, fiber optic transmission lines, ISDN lines, T1 lines, DSL, etc. In some embodiments, a user device may be connected directly to a server **14** without departing from the scope of the present invention. Moreover, as used herein, communications include those enabled by wired or wireless technology.

Clients **18**, **20**, and **22** may be, for example, personal computers, portable computers, mobile or fixed user stations, workstations, network terminals or servers, cellular telephones, kiosks, dumb terminals, personal

digital assistants, two-way pagers, smart phones, information appliances, or network computers. For purposes of this application, a network computer is any computer, coupled to a network, which receives a program or other application from another computer coupled to the network.

Figure 2 is a more detailed block diagram of a data processing system in which the present invention may be implemented. Data processing system **100** may be a symmetric multiprocessor (SMP) system including a plurality of processors **101**, **102**, **103**, and **104** connected to system bus **106**. For example, data processing system

Docket No. AUS920010760US1

100 may be an IBM RS/6000, a product of International Business Machines Corporation in Armonk, New York, implemented as a server within a network. Alternatively, a single processor system may be employed. Also
5 connected to system bus 106 is memory controller/cache 108, which provides an interface to a plurality of local memories 160-163. I/O bus bridge 110 is connected to system bus 106 and provides an interface to I/O bus 112. Memory controller/cache 108 and I/O bus bridge 110 may be
10 integrated as depicted.

Data processing system 100 is a logically partitioned data processing system. Thus, data processing system 100 may have multiple heterogeneous operating systems (or multiple instances of a single
15 operating system) running simultaneously. Each of these multiple operating systems may have any number of software programs executing within it. Data processing system 100 is logically partitioned such that different I/O adapters 120-121, 128-129, 136, and 148-149 may be
20 assigned to different logical partitions.

Thus, for example, suppose data processing system 100 is divided into three logical partitions, P1, P2, and P3. Each of I/O adapters 120-121, 128-129, 136, and 148-149, each of processors 101-104, and each of local
25 memories 160-163 is assigned to one of the three partitions. For example, processor 101, memory 160, and I/O adapters 120, 128, and 129 may be assigned to logical partition P1; processors 102-103, memory 161, and I/O adapters 121 and 136 may be assigned to partition P2; and
30 processor 104, memories 162-163, and I/O adapters 148-149 may be assigned to logical partition P3.

Each operating system executing within data processing system **100** is assigned to a different logical partition. Thus, each operating system executing within data processing system **100** may access only those I/O
5 units that are within its logical partition.

Peripheral component interconnect (PCI) Host bridge **114** connected to I/O bus **112** provides an interface to PCI local bus **115**. A number of Input/Output adapters **120-121** may be connected to PCI bus **115**. Typical PCI bus
10 implementations will support between four and eight I/O adapters (i.e. expansion slots for add-in connectors). Each I/O Adapter **120-121** provides an interface between data processing system **100** and input/output devices such as, for example, other network computers, which are
15 clients to data processing system **100**.

An additional PCI host bridge **122** provides an interface for an additional PCI bus **123**. PCI bus **123** is connected to a plurality of PCI I/O adapters **128-129** by a PCI bus **126-127**. Thus, additional I/O devices, such as,
20 for example, modems or network adapters may be supported through each of PCI I/O adapters **128-129**. In this manner, data processing system **100** allows connections to multiple network computers.

A memory mapped graphics adapter **148** may be
25 connected to I/O bus **112** through PCI Host Bridge **140** and EADS **142** (PCI-PCI bridge) via PCI buses **144** and **145** as depicted. Also, a hard disk **150** may also be connected to I/O bus **112** through PCI Host Bridge **140** and EADS **142** via PCI buses **141** and **145** as depicted.

30 A PCI host bridge **130** provides an interface for a PCI bus **131** to connect to I/O bus **112**. PCI bus **131**

Docket No. AUS920010760US1

connects PCI host bridge **130** to the service processor mailbox interface and ISA bus access pass-through logic **194** and EADS **132**. The ISA bus access pass-through logic **194** forwards PCI accesses destined to the PCI/ISA bridge **193**. The NVRAM storage is connected to the ISA bus **196**. The Service processor **135** is coupled to the service processor mailbox interface **194** through its local PCI bus **195**. Service processor **135** is also connected to processors **101-104** via a plurality of JTAG/I²C buses **134**. JTAG/I²C buses **134** are a combination of JTAG/scan busses (see IEEE 1149.1) and Phillips I²C busses. However, alternatively, JTAG/I²C buses **134** may be replaced by only Phillips I²C busses or only JTAG/scan busses. All SP-ATTN signals of the host processors **101, 102, 103, and 104** are connected together to an interrupt input signal of the service processor. The service processor **135** has its own local memory **191**, and has access to the hardware op-panel **190**.

When data processing system **100** is initially powered up, service processor **135** uses the JTAG/scan buses **134** to interrogate the system (Host) processors **101-104**, memory controller **108**, and I/O bridge **110**. At completion of this step, service processor **135** has an inventory and topology understanding of data processing system **100**. Service processor **135** also executes Built-In-Self-Tests (BISTs), Basic Assurance Tests (BATs), and memory tests on all elements found by interrogating the system processors **101-104**, memory controller **108**, and I/O bridge **110**. Any error information for failures detected during the BISTs, BATs, and memory tests are gathered and reported by service processor **135**.

Docket No. AUS920010760US1

If a meaningful/valid configuration of system resources is still possible after taking out the elements found to be faulty during the BISTs, BATs, and memory tests, then data processing system **100** is allowed to
5 proceed to load executable code into local (Host) memories **160-163**. Service processor **135** then releases the Host processors **101-104** for execution of the code loaded into Host memory **160-163**. While the Host processors **101-104** are executing code from respective
10 operating systems within the data processing system **100**, service processor **135** enters a mode of monitoring and reporting errors. The type of items monitored by service processor include, for example, the cooling fan speed and operation, thermal sensors, power supply regulators, and
15 recoverable and non-recoverable errors reported by processors **101-104**, memories **160-163**, and bus-bridge controller **110**.

Service processor **135** is responsible for saving and reporting error information related to all the monitored
20 items in data processing system **100**. Service processor **135** also takes action based on the type of errors and defined thresholds. For example, service processor **135** may take note of excessive recoverable errors on a processor's cache memory and decide that this is
25 predictive of a hard failure. Based on this determination, service processor **135** may mark that resource for reconfiguration during the current running session and future Initial Program Loads (IPLs). IPLs are also sometimes referred to as a "boot" or
30 "bootstrap".

Docket No. AUS920010760US1

Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that the hardware depicted in **Figure 2** may vary. For example, other peripheral devices, such as optical disk drives and the like, also may be used in addition to or
5 in place of the hardware depicted. The depicted example is not meant to imply architectural limitations with respect to the present invention.

Figure 3 is a block diagram of an exemplary logically partitioned platform in which the present
10 invention may be implemented. Logically partitioned platform **200** includes partitioned hardware (also called the base hardware) **230**, partition management firmware, also called a hypervisor **210**, and partitions **201-204**. Operating systems **201a-203a** exist within partitions
15 **201-203**. Operating systems **201a-203a** may be multiple copies of a single operating system or multiple heterogeneous operating systems simultaneously run on platform **200**.

Logically partitioned platform **200** also includes a
20 designated service partition **204**. Service partition **204** may be used by a system administrator to set parameters, install firmware updates, and perform other service functions.

One or more of these partitions **201-203** may be used
25 remotely by system administrators. Service partition **204** is not typically administered remotely.

Partitioned hardware **230** includes a plurality of processors **232-238**, a plurality of system memory units
240-246, a plurality of input/output (I/O) adapters
30 **248-262**, and a storage unit **270**. Each of the processors **242-248**, memory units **240-246**, NVRAM storage **298**, and I/O

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

Docket No. AUS920010760US1

adapters **248-262** may be assigned to one of multiple partitions **201-204**.

Partitioned hardware **230** also includes service processor **290**. A non-volatile memory device **291**, such as
5 a DRAM device, is included within service processor **291**. The partition tables and firmware images described herein, as well as other information, are stored within service processor memory **291**.

Partition management firmware (hypervisor) **210**
10 performs a number of functions and services for partitions **201-203** to create and enforce the partitioning of logically partitioned platform **200**. Hypervisor **210** is a firmware implemented virtual machine identical to the underlying hardware. Firmware is "software" stored in a
15 memory chip that holds its content without electrical power, such as, for example, read-only memory (ROM), programmable ROM (PROM), erasable programmable ROM (EPROM), electrically erasable programmable ROM (EEPROM), and non-volatile random access memory (non-volatile RAM).
20 Thus, hypervisor **210** allows the simultaneous execution of independent OS images **201a-203a** by virtualizing all the hardware resources of logically partitioned platform **200**. Hypervisor **210** may attach I/O devices through I/O adapters **248-262** to single virtual machines in an
25 exclusive mode for use by one of OS images **201a-203a**.

A hardware management console (HMC) **280** may be coupled to data processing system **100** which includes logically partitioned platform **200**. HMC **280** is a separate computer system that is coupled to service
30 processor **290** and may be used by a user to control various functions of data processing system **100** through

100-101-102-103-104-105-106-107-108-109-110-111-112-113-114-115-116-117-118-119-120-121-122-123-124-125-126-127-128-129-130-131-132-133-134-135-136-137-138-139-140-141-142-143-144-145-146-147-148-149-150-151-152-153-154-155-156-157-158-159-160-161-162-163-164-165-166-167-168-169-170-171-172-173-174-175-176-177-178-179-180-181-182-183-184-185-186-187-188-189-190-191-192-193-194-195-196-197-198-199-200-201-202-203-204-205-206-207-208-209-210-211-212-213-214-215-216-217-218-219-220-221-222-223-224-225-226-227-228-229-230-231-232-233-234-235-236-237-238-239-240-241-242-243-244-245-246-247-248-249-250-251-252-253-254-255-256-257-258-259-260-261-262-263-264-265-266-267-268-269-270-271-272-273-274-275-276-277-278-279-280-281-282-283-284-285-286-287-288-289-290-291-292-293-294-295-296-297-298-299-300-301-302-303-304-305-306-307-308-309-310-311-312-313-314-315-316-317-318-319-320-321-322-323-324-325-326-327-328-329-330-331-332-333-334-335-336-337-338-339-340-341-342-343-344-345-346-347-348-349-350-351-352-353-354-355-356-357-358-359-360-361-362-363-364-365-366-367-368-369-370-371-372-373-374-375-376-377-378-379-380-381-382-383-384-385-386-387-388-389-390-391-392-393-394-395-396-397-398-399-400-401-402-403-404-405-406-407-408-409-410-411-412-413-414-415-416-417-418-419-420-421-422-423-424-425-426-427-428-429-430-431-432-433-434-435-436-437-438-439-440-441-442-443-444-445-446-447-448-449-450-451-452-453-454-455-456-457-458-459-460-461-462-463-464-465-466-467-468-469-470-471-472-473-474-475-476-477-478-479-480-481-482-483-484-485-486-487-488-489-490-491-492-493-494-495-496-497-498-499-500-501-502-503-504-505-506-507-508-509-510-511-512-513-514-515-516-517-518-519-520-521-522-523-524-525-526-527-528-529-530-531-532-533-534-535-536-537-538-539-540-541-542-543-544-545-546-547-548-549-550-551-552-553-554-555-556-557-558-559-560-561-562-563-564-565-566-567-568-569-570-571-572-573-574-575-576-577-578-579-580-581-582-583-584-585-586-587-588-589-590-591-592-593-594-595-596-597-598-599-600-601-602-603-604-605-606-607-608-609-610-611-612-613-614-615-616-617-618-619-620-621-622-623-624-625-626-627-628-629-630-631-632-633-634-635-636-637-638-639-640-641-642-643-644-645-646-647-648-649-650-651-652-653-654-655-656-657-658-659-660-661-662-663-664-665-666-667-668-669-670-671-672-673-674-675-676-677-678-679-680-681-682-683-684-685-686-687-688-689-690-691-692-693-694-695-696-697-698-699-700-701-702-703-704-705-706-707-708-709-710-711-712-713-714-715-716-717-718-719-720-721-722-723-724-725-726-727-728-729-730-731-732-733-734-735-736-737-738-739-740-741-742-743-744-745-746-747-748-749-750-751-752-753-754-755-756-757-758-759-760-761-762-763-764-765-766-767-768-769-770-771-772-773-774-775-776-777-778-779-780-781-782-783-784-785-786-787-788-789-790-791-792-793-794-795-796-797-798-799-800-801-802-803-804-805-806-807-808-809-810-811-812-813-814-815-816-817-818-819-820-821-822-823-824-825-826-827-828-829-830-831-832-833-834-835-836-837-838-839-840-841-842-843-844-845-846-847-848-849-850-851-852-853-854-855-856-857-858-859-860-861-862-863-864-865-866-867-868-869-870-871-872-873-874-875-876-877-878-879-880-881-882-883-884-885-886-887-888-889-890-891-892-893-894-895-896-897-898-899-900-901-902-903-904-905-906-907-908-909-910-911-912-913-914-915-916-917-918-919-920-921-922-923-924-925-926-927-928-929-930-931-932-933-934-935-936-937-938-939-940-941-942-943-944-945-946-947-948-949-950-951-952-953-954-955-956-957-958-959-960-961-962-963-964-965-966-967-968-969-970-971-972-973-974-975-976-977-978-979-980-981-982-983-984-985-986-987-988-989-990-991-992-993-994-995-996-997-998-999-1000

Docket No. AUS920010760US1

service processor **290**. HMC **280** includes a graphical user interface (GUI) which may be used by a user to select a partition to be rebooted.

HMC **280** includes an operating system **282** and a
5 service application **284**. Service application **284**
receives error messages from the various partitions
201-204. Service application **284** also generates a
heartbeat signal at regular intervals and outputs this
heartbeat signal, via operating system **282** to service
10 processor **290**.

Figure 4 illustrates a high level flow chart which
depicts monitoring for a presence of a service
application, and reporting any loss of the service
application in accordance with the present invention.
15 The process starts as depicted by block **400** and
thereafter passes to block **402** which illustrates booting
the data processing system. Next, block **404** depicts the
service processor checking for a hardware management
console heartbeat generated by the service application
20 being executed by the hardware management console.
Thereafter, block **406** illustrates a determination of
whether or not a heartbeat was detected. If a
determination is made that a heartbeat was detected, the
process passes to block **408**.
25 Block **408** depicts the service processor tracking the
amount of elapsed time since the last heartbeat was received.
Next, block **410** illustrates a determination of whether or
not the length of time since the last heartbeat was
received is past a preset threshold. If a determination
30 is made that the length of time since the last heartbeat
was received is not past a preset threshold, the process

Docket No. AUS920010760US1

passes to block **404**. Referring again to block **410**, if a determination is made that the length of time since the last heartbeat was received is past a preset threshold, the process passes to block **412** which depicts the service processor generating an error message that includes an error code that identifies the loss of the hardware management console, and the storage of the error code in the service processor's error log. The service processor's error log is stored in NVRAM **298**.

10 The process then passes to block **414** which illustrates a determination of whether or not a service partition has been established on the computer system. A user may or may not choose to designate a service partition in the logically partitioned computer system.

15 If a determination is made that no service partition has been established, the process passes to block **416** which depicts waiting for the system administrator to discover and manually report the failure. In this case any errors are logged in the service processor until either a

20 service partition is designated, or the errors are removed during a service visit that resulted from a manual service call. The process then terminates as illustrated by block **418**.

Referring again to block **414**, if a determination is made that a service partition does exist on the computer system, the process passes to block **420** which illustrates the service processor passing the error code to the service partition. Next, block **422** depicts diagnostic software that is executing within the service partition displaying a message to the system administrator of the service partition inquiring about whether the hardware management console is physically present. Thereafter,

25

30

Docket No. AUS920010760US1

block **424** illustrates a determination of whether or not an entry was received indicating that the hardware management console is physically present. If a determination is made that an entry was received
5 indicating that the hardware management console is not physically present, the process passes to block **426** which depicts the diagnostic software instructing the system administrator of the service partition to connect the hardware management console. The process then terminates
10 as illustrated by block **418**.

Referring again to block **424**, if a determination is made that an entry was received indicating that the hardware management console is physically present, the process passes to block **428** which depicts the diagnostic
15 software providing an instruction to the system administrator of the service partition to check the physical links between the hardware management console and the logically partitioned computer system.

Next, block **430** depicts a determination of whether
20 or not an entry was received indicating that the physical links are intact. If a determination is made that an entry was received indicating that the physical links are intact, the process passes to block **432** which depicts the diagnostic software instructing the system administrator
25 of the service partition to manually place a service call. The process then terminates as illustrated by block **418**.

Referring again to block **430**, if a determination is made that an entry was received indicating that the
30 physical links are not intact, the process passes to block **434** which depicts the diagnostic software providing an instruction to the system administrator of the service

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

Docket No. AUS920010760US1

partition to reestablish the physical links. The process then terminates as illustrated by block **418**.

It is important to note that while the present invention has been described in the context of a fully functioning data processing system, those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that the processes of the present invention are capable of being distributed in the form of a computer readable medium of instructions and a variety of forms and that the present invention applies equally regardless of the particular type of signal bearing media actually used to carry out the distribution. Examples of computer readable media include recordable-type media, such as a floppy disk, a hard disk drive, a RAM, CD-ROMs, DVD-ROMs, and transmission-type media, such as digital and analog communications links, wired or wireless communications links using transmission forms, such as, for example, radio frequency and light wave transmissions. The computer readable media may take the form of coded formats that are decoded for actual use in a particular data processing system.

The description of the present invention has been presented for purposes of illustration and description, and is not intended to be exhaustive or limited to the invention in the form disclosed. Many modifications and variations will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art. The embodiment was chosen and described in order to best explain the principles of the invention, the practical application, and to enable others of ordinary skill in the art to understand the invention for various embodiments with various modifications as are suited to the particular use contemplated.